To,

All Deans/ Directors/Branch Heads,
GGSIP University

Subject: The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Ordinance, 2014 – regarding.

Sir/Madam,

Find enclosed herewith a copy of letter no. F.1-5/2014(SCT) dated 16/05/2014 received from Education Officer, University Grants Commission vide which the UGC has forwarded a Gazette Notification dated 04/03/2014 of Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment received through MHRD’s letter dated 25th March, 2014 for information and appropriate action by all concerned.

It is request that the notification may be put up on the Notice Board of respective schools for information to the faculty and students community.

This issues with the approval of Competent Authority.

(Sunita Shiva)
Liaison officer SC/ST

U.O. No.GGSIPU/DR(Aff.)/2013-14/ Dated: -

Copy for kind information to:
3. AR to VC for information.
4. AR to Registrar for information.
5. UCITIM – To upload the same on the University website.
F.1-5/2014(SCT)  
May, 2014

The Registrar,  
Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University  
Sector-16C, Dwarka  
New Delhi - 110075

Sub:- The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Ordinance, 2014 – regarding.

Sir,

I am directed to enclose herewith a copy of Gazette Notification No.7 dated 04-03-2014 on the subject mentioned above, for compliance and necessary action under intimation to University Grants Commission.

Yours faithfully,

(Joseph Varghese)  
Education Officer

Encl: As above.
Subject: The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Ordinance, 2014-reg.

A copy of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Ordinance, 2014 as notified in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary on 04.03.2014 received from Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment is circulated for appropriate action.

2. The objective of amendments in the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) {PoA} Act, 1989 made by the aforesaid Ordinance is to deliver members of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, greater justice and an enhanced deterrent to the offenders. The offence under section 3(1) (za)(D) of the Ordinance, which attracts stipulated punishment, interalia, relates to obstructing or preventing a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe in any manner with regard to entering any educational institution.

Encl.: As above

The Chairman,
University Grants Commission,
Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg,
New Delhi – 110002
MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 4th March, 2014/Phalguna 13, 1935 (Saka)

THE SCHEDULED CASTES AND THE SCHEDULED TRIBES
(PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) AMENDMENT ORDINANCE, 2014

(No. 1 of 2014)

Promulgated by the President in the Sixty-fifth Year of the Republic of India.

An Ordinance to amend the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.

WHEREAS the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Bill, 2013, to give effect to the aforesaid objective, was introduced on the 12th December, 2013 in the House of the People;

AND WHEREAS the said Bill could not be taken up for consideration and passing in the House of the People;

AND WHEREAS Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;
NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. (1) This Ordinance may be called the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Ordinance, 2014.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in the long title, for the words “Special Courts”, the words “Special Courts and the Exclusive Special Courts” shall be substituted.

3. In section 2 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1),—

(i) after clause (b), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

`(bb) “dependent” means the spouse, children, parents, brother and sister of the victim, who are dependent wholly or mainly on such victim for his support and maintenance;

(bc) “economic boycott” means—

(i) a refusal to deal with, work for hire or do business with other person; or

(ii) to deny opportunities including access to services or contractual opportunities for rendering service for consideration; or

(iii) to refuse to do anything on the terms on which things would be commonly done in the ordinary course of business; or

(iv) to abstain from the professional or business relations that one would maintain with other person;

(bd) “Exclusive Special Court” means the Exclusive Special Court established under sub-section (1) of section 14 exclusively to try the offences under this Ordinance;

(be) “forest rights” shall have the meaning assigned to it in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other
Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006;

(bf) "manual scavenger" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013;

(bg) "public servant" means a public servant as defined under section 21 of the Indian Penal Code, as well as any other person deemed to be a public servant under any other law for the time being in force and includes any person acting in his official capacity under the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be;";

(ii) after clause (e), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:

'(ea) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to this Ordinance;

(eb) "social boycott" means a refusal to permit a person to render to other person or receive from him any customary service or to abstain from social relations that one would maintain with other person or to isolate him from others;

(ec) "victim" means any individual who falls within the definition of the ‘Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe’ under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 2, and who has suffered or experienced physical, mental, psychological, emotional or monetary harm or harm to his property as a result of the commission of any offence under this Ordinance and includes his relatives, legal guardian and legal heirs;

(ed) "witness" means any person who is acquainted with the facts and circumstances, or is in possession of any information or has knowledge necessary for the purpose of investigation, inquiry or trial of any crime involving an offence under this Ordinance, and who is or may be required to give information or make a statement or produce any document during investigation, inquiry or trial of such case and includes a victim of such offence;’;

(iii) for clause (f), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

"(f) the words and expressions used but not defined in this Ordinance and defined in the Indian Penal Code, the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 or the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, as
the case may be, shall be deemed to have the meanings respectively assigned to them in those enactments.”

4. In section 3 of the principal Act,—

(i) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

‘(1) Whoever, not being a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe,—

(a) puts any inedible or obnoxious substance into the mouth of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or forces such member to drink or eat such inedible or obnoxious substance;

(b) dumps excreta, sewage, carcasses or any other obnoxious substance in premises, or at the entrance of the premises, occupied by a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;

(c) with intent to cause injury, insult or annoyance to any member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, dumps excreta, waste matter, carcasses or any other obnoxious substance in his neighborhood;

(d) garlands with footwear or parades naked or semi-naked a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;

(e) forcibly commits on a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe any act, such as removing clothes from the person, forcible tonsuring of head, removing moustaches, painting face or body or any other similar act, which is derogatory to human dignity;

(f) wrongfully occupies or cultivates any land, owned by, or in the possession of or allotted to, or notified by any competent authority to be allotted to, a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, or gets such land transferred;

(g) wrongfully dispossesses a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe from his land or premises or interferes with the enjoyment of his rights, including forest rights, over any land or premises or water or irrigation
facilities or destroys the crops or takes away the produce therefrom.

Explanation.—For the purposes of clause (f) and this clause, the expression “wrongfully” includes—

(A) against the person’s will;
(B) without the person’s consent;
(C) with the person’s consent, where such consent has been obtained by putting the person, or any other person in whom the person is interested in fear of death or of hurt; or
(D) fabricating records of such land;

(h) makes a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to do “begar” or other forms of forced or bonded labour other than any compulsory service for public purposes imposed by the Government;

(i) compels a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to dispose or carry human or animal carcasses, or to dig graves;

(j) makes a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to do manual scavenging or employs or permits the employment of such member for such purpose;

(k) performs, or promotes dedicating a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe woman to a deity, idol, object of worship, temple, or other religious institution as a devadasi or any other similar practice or permits aforementioned acts;

(l) forces or intimidates or prevents a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe—

(A) not to vote or to vote for a particular candidate or to vote in a manner other than that provided by law;

(B) not to file a nomination as a candidate or to withdraw such nomination; or

(C) not to propose or second the nomination of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe as a candidate in any election;

(m) forces or intimidates or obstructs a member of a Scheduled
Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, who is a member or a Chairperson or a holder of any other office of a panchayat under Part IX of the Constitution or a municipality under Part IX A of the Constitution, from performing their normal duties and functions;

(n) after the poll, causes hurt or grievous hurt or assault or imposes or threatens to impose social or economic boycott upon a member of a Schedule Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or prevents from availing benefits of any public service which is due to him;

(o) commits any offence under this Ordinance against a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe for having voted or not having voted for a particular candidate or for having voted in a manner provided by law;

(p) institutes false, malicious or vexatious suit or criminal or other legal proceedings against a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;

(q) gives any false or frivolous information to any public servant and thereby causes such public servant to use his lawful power to the injury or annoyance of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;

(r) intentionally insults or intimidates with intent to humiliate a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe in any place within public view;

(s) abuses any member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe by caste name in any place within public view;

(t) destroys, damages or defiles any object generally known to be held sacred or in high esteem by members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, the expression “object” means and includes statue, photograph and portrait;

(u) by words either written or spoken or by signs or by visible representation or otherwise promotes or attempts to promote feelings of enmity, hatred or ill-will against members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes;

(v) by words either written or spoken or by any other means disrespects any late person held in high esteem by members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes;
(w) (i) intentionally touches a woman belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, knowing that she belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, when such act of touching is of a sexual nature and is without the recipient's consent;

(ii) uses words, acts or gestures of a sexual nature towards a woman belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, knowing that she belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.

Explanation.—For the purposes of sub-clause (i), the expression “consent” means an unequivocal voluntary agreement when the person by words, gestures, or any form of non-verbal communication, communicates willingness to participate in the specific act:

Provided that a woman belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe who does not offer physical resistance to any act of a sexual nature is not by reason only of that fact, is to be regarded as consenting to the sexual activity:

Provided further that a woman’s sexual history, including with the offender shall not imply consent or mitigate the offence;

(x) corrupts or fouls the water of any spring, reservoir or any other source ordinarily used by members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes so as to render it less fit for the purpose for which it is ordinarily used;

(y) denies a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe any customary right of passage to a place of public resort or obstructs such member so as to prevent him from using or having access to a place of public resort to which other members of public or any other section thereof have a right to use or access to;

(z) forces or causes a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to leave his house, village or other place of residence:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to any action taken in discharge of a public duty;

(za) obstructs or prevents a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe in any manner with regard to –
(A) using common property resources of an area, or burial or cremation ground equally with others or using any river, stream, spring, well, tank, cistern, water-tap or other watering place, or any bathing ghats, any public conveyance, any road, or passage;

(B) mounting or riding bicycles or motor cycles or wearing footwear or new clothes in public places or taking out wedding procession, or mounting a horse or any other vehicle during wedding processions;

(C) entering any place of worship which is open to the public or other persons professing the same religion or taking part in, or taking out, any religious, social or cultural processions including jatras;

(D) entering any educational institution, hospital, dispensary, primary health centre, shop or place of public entertainment or any other public place; or using any utensils or articles meant for public use in any place open to the public; or

(E) practicing any profession or the carrying on of any occupation, trade or business or employment in any job which other members of the public, or any section thereof, have a right to use or have access to;

(2b) causes physical harm or mental agony of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe on the allegation of practicing witchcraft or being a witch; or

(2c) imposes or threatens a social or economic boycott of any person or a family or a group belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe,

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to five years and with fine.

(ii) in sub-section (2),—

(a) in clause (v), for the words "on the ground that such person is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or such property belongs to such member", the words "knowing that such person is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or such property belongs to such member" shall be substituted;
(b) after clause (v), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(va) commits any offence specified in the Schedule, against a person or property, knowing that such person is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or such property belongs to such member, shall be punishable with such punishment as specified under the Indian Penal Code for such offences and shall also be liable to fine.".

5. For section 4 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"4. (1) Whoever, being a public servant but not being a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, wilfully neglects his duties required to be performed by him under this Ordinance and the rules made thereunder, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to one year.

(2) The duties of public servant referred to in sub-section (1) shall include—

(a) to read out to an informant the information given orally, and reduced to writing by the officer in charge of the police station, before taking the signature of the informant;

(b) to register a complaint or a First Information Report under this Ordinance and other relevant provisions and to register it under appropriate sections of this Ordinance;

(c) to furnish a copy of the information so recorded forthwith to the informant;

(d) to record the statement of the victims or witnesses;

(e) to conduct the investigation and file charge sheet in the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court within a period of sixty days, and to explain the delay if any, in writing;

(f) to correctly prepare, frame and translate any document or electronic record;

(g) to perform any other duty specified in this Ordinance or the rules made thereunder:

Provided that the charges in this regard against the public
servant shall be booked on the recommendation of an administrative enquiry.

(3) The cognizance in respect of any dereliction of duty referred to in sub-section (2) by a public servant shall be taken by the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court and shall give direction for penal proceedings against such public servant.”.

6. In section 8 of the principal Act,—

(i) in clause (a), for the words “any financial assistance to a person accused of”, the words “any financial assistance in relation to the offences committed by a person accused of” shall be substituted;

(ii) after clause (b), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: —

“(c) the accused was having personal knowledge of the victim or his family, the Court shall presume that the accused was aware of the caste or tribal identity of the victim, unless the contrary is proved.”.

7. In section 10 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1),—

(a) after the words and figures “article 244 of the Constitution”, the words, brackets and figures “or any area identified under the provisions of clause (vii) of sub-section (2) of section 21” shall be inserted;

(b) for the words “two years”, the words “three years” shall be substituted.

8. For section 14 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“14. (1) For the purpose of providing for speedy trial, the State Government shall, with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of the High Court, by notification in the Official Gazette, establish an Exclusive Special Court for one or more Districts:

Provided that in Districts where less number of cases under this Ordinance is recorded, the State Government shall, with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of the High Court, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify for such Districts, the Court of Session to be a Special Court to try the offences under this
Ordinance:

Provided further that the Courts so established or specified shall have power to directly take cognizance of offences under this Ordinance.

(2) It shall be the duty of the State Government to establish adequate number of Courts to ensure that cases under this Ordinance are disposed of within a period of two months, as far as possible.

(3) In every trial in the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court, the proceedings shall be continued from day-to-day until all the witnesses in attendance have been examined, unless the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court finds the adjournment of the same beyond the following day to be necessary for reasons to be recorded in writing:

Provided that when the trial relates to an offence under this Ordinance, the trial shall, as far as possible, be completed within a period of two months from the date of filing of the charge sheet."

9. After section 14 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"14A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, an appeal shall lie, from any judgment, sentence or order, not being an interlocutory order, of a Special Court or an Exclusive Special Court, to the High Court both on facts and on law.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3) of section 378 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, an appeal shall lie to the High Court against an order of the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court granting or refusing bail.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, every appeal under this section shall be preferred within a period of ninety days from the date of the judgment, sentence or order appealed from:

Provided that the High Court may entertain an appeal after the expiry of the said period of ninety days if it is satisfied that the appellant had sufficient cause for not preferring the appeal within the period of ninety days:

Provided further that no appeal shall be entertained after the
expiry of the period of one hundred and eighty days.

(4) Every appeal preferred under sub-section (1) shall, as far as possible, be disposed of within a period of three months from the date of admission of the appeal.

10. For section 15 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:

"15. (1) For every Special Court, the State Government shall, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify a Public Prosecutor or appoint an advocate who has been in practice as an advocate for not less than seven years, as a Special Public Prosecutor for the purpose of conducting cases in that Court.

(2) For every Exclusive Special Court, the State Government shall, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify an Exclusive Public Prosecutor or appoint an advocate who has been in practice as an advocate for not less than seven years, as an Exclusive Public Prosecutor for the purpose of conducting cases in that Court."

11. After Chapter IV of the principal Act, the following Chapter shall be inserted, namely:

"CHAPTER IVA
RIGHTS OF VICTIMS AND WITNESSES

15A. (1) It shall be the duty and responsibility of the State to make arrangements for the protection of victims, their dependents, and witnesses against any kind of intimidation or coercion or inducement or violence or threats of violence.

(2) A victim shall be treated with fairness, respect and dignity and with due regard to any special need that arises because of the victim's age or gender or educational disadvantage or poverty.

(3) A victim or his dependent shall have the right to reasonable, accurate, and timely notice of any Court proceeding including any bail proceeding and the Special Public Prosecutor or the State Government shall inform the victim about any proceedings under this Ordinance.

(4) A victim or his dependent shall have the right to apply to the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court, as the case may be, to summon parties for production of any documents or material, witnesses or examine the persons present."
(5) A victim or his dependent shall be entitled to be heard at any proceeding under this Ordinance in respect of bail, discharge, release, parole, conviction or sentence of an accused or any connected proceedings or arguments and file written submission on conviction, acquittal or sentencing.

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court trying a case under this Ordinance shall provide to a victim, his dependent, informant or witnesses—

(a) the complete protection to secure the ends of justice;

(b) the travelling and maintenance expenses during investigation, inquiry and trial; and

(c) the social-economic rehabilitation during investigation, inquiry and trial;

(d) relocation.

(7) The State shall inform the concerned Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court about the protection provided to any victim or his dependent, informant or witnesses and such Court shall periodically review the protection being offered and pass appropriate orders.

(8) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of sub-section (6), the concerned Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court may, on an application made by a victim or his dependent, informant or witness in any proceedings before it or by the Special Public Prosecutor in relation to such victim, informant or witness or on its own motion, take such measures including—

(a) concealing the names and addresses of the witnesses in its orders or judgments or in any records of the case accessible to the public;

(b) issuing directions for non-disclosure of the identity and addresses of the witnesses;

(c) take immediate action in respect of any complaint relating to harassment of a victim, informant or witness and on the same day, if necessary, pass appropriate orders for protection:
Provided that inquiry or investigation into the complaint received under clause (c) shall be tried separately from the main case by such Court and concluded within a period of two months from the date of receipt of the complaint:

Provided further that where the complaint under clause (c) is against any public servant, the Court shall restrain such public servant from interfering with the victim, informant or witness, as the case may be, in any matter related or unrelated to the pending case, except with the permission of the Court.

(9) It shall be the duty of the Investigating Officer and the Station House Officer to record the complaint of victim, informant or witnesses against any kind of intimidation, coercion or inducement or violence or threats of violence, whether given orally or in writing, and a photocopy of the First Information Report shall be immediately given to them at free of cost.

(10) All proceedings relating to offences under this Ordinance shall be video recorded.

(11) It shall be the duty of the concerned State to specify an appropriate scheme to ensure implementation of the following rights and entitlements of victims and witnesses in accessing justice so as

(a) to provide a copy of the recorded First Information Report at free of cost;

(b) to provide immediate relief in cash or in kind to atrocity victims or their dependents;

(c) to provide necessary protection to the atrocity victims or their dependents, and witnesses;

(d) to provide relief in respect of death or injury or damage to property;

(e) to arrange food or water or clothing or shelter or medical aid or transport facilities or daily allowances to victims;

(f) to provide the maintenance expenses to the atrocity victims and their dependents;

(g) to provide the information about the rights of atrocity victims at the time of making complaints and registering the First
Information Report;

(h) to provide the protection to atrocity victims or their dependents and witnesses from intimidation and harassment;

(i) to provide the information to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals, on the status of investigation and charge sheet and to provide copy of the charge sheet at free of cost;

(j) to take necessary precautions at the time of medical examination;

(k) to provide information to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals, regarding the relief amount;

(l) to provide information to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals, in advance about the dates and place of investigation and trial;

(m) to give adequate briefing on the case and preparation for trial to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals and to provide the legal aid for the said purpose;

(n) to execute the rights of atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals at every stage of the proceedings under this Ordinance and to provide the necessary assistance for the execution of the rights.

(12) It shall be the right of the atrocity victims or their dependents, to take assistance from the Non-Government Organisations, social workers or advocates.”

12. After section 23 of the principal Act, the following Schedule shall be inserted, namely:—
**THE SCHEDULE**
[See section 3(2) (va)]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section under the Indian Penal Code</th>
<th>Name of offence and punishment.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>120A</td>
<td>Definition of criminal conspiracy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120B</td>
<td>Punishment of criminal conspiracy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>141</td>
<td>Unlawful assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>142</td>
<td>Being member of unlawful assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>143</td>
<td>Punishment for unlawful assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>144</td>
<td>Joining unlawful assembly armed with deadly weapon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>145</td>
<td>Joining or continuing in unlawful assembly, knowing it has been commanded to disperse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>146</td>
<td>Rioting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>147</td>
<td>Punishment for rioting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>148</td>
<td>Rioting, armed with deadly weapon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>217</td>
<td>Public servant disobeying direction of law with intent to save person from punishment or property from forfeiture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319</td>
<td>Hurt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>Grievous hurt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>323</td>
<td>Punishment for voluntarily causing hurt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>324</td>
<td>Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>Punishment for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>326B</td>
<td>Voluntarily throwing or attempting to throw acid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>332</td>
<td>Voluntarily causing hurt to deter public servant from his duty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>341</td>
<td>Punishment for wrongful restraint.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>354</td>
<td>Assault or criminal force to woman with intent to outrage her modesty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>354A</td>
<td>Sexual harassment and punishment for sexual harassment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>354B</td>
<td>Assault or use of criminal force to woman with intent to disrobe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>354C</td>
<td>Voyeurism.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>354D</td>
<td>Stalking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>359</td>
<td>Kidnapping.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>363</td>
<td>Punishment for kidnapping.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>365</td>
<td>Kidnapping or abducting with intent secretly and wrongfully to confine person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>376B</td>
<td>Sexual intercourse by husband upon his wife during separation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>376C</td>
<td>Sexual intercourse by a person in authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>447</td>
<td>Punishment for criminal trespass.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>506</td>
<td>Punishment for criminal intimidation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>509</td>
<td>Word, gesture or act intended to insult the modesty of a woman.&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>