SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

&

DETAILED SYLLABUS
ODD SEMESTER
AUGUST 2011 - DECEMBER 2011

for

BA LLB(H)
Five Year Integrated Course

AMITY LAW SCHOOL, DELHI
## SECOND YEAR

### Third Semester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper Code</th>
<th>SUBJECTS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LLB 201</td>
<td>Business Law</td>
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<td>LLB 203</td>
<td>Family Law – I</td>
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<td>LLB 205</td>
<td>Constitutional Law – I</td>
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<td>LLB 207</td>
<td>Law of Crimes – I</td>
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<td>LLB 209</td>
<td>Advocacy Skills</td>
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<td>BA LLB 213</td>
<td>History – III (History of Modern Europe: 1740-1947)</td>
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<td>BA LLB 215</td>
<td>Political Science – III</td>
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Objective: This paper is to provide understanding about the important statutes governing transfer of property in goods and negotiable instruments.

Unit – I: Sale of Goods: Definition, Conditions and Performance (Lectures – 08)

   a. Definition of ‘goods’ and ‘sale’
   b. Essentials of sale
   c. Conditions and Warranties
   d. Passing of property
   e. Nemo Dat quod non habet
   f. Performance of Contract

Unit – II: Sale of Goods Act: Right of parties and remedies (Lectures– 07)

   a. Rights of unpaid seller
   b. Remedies for breach of contract

Unit – III: Negotiable Instruments (Lectures – 08)

   a. Definition, essential kinds of negotiable instruments
   b. Holder and holder in due course
   c. Negotiation and assignment

Unit – IV: Negotiable Instruments: Presentation and Liability (Lectures– 07)

   a. Presentation of Negotiable Instruments
   b. Crossing of cheques
   c. Discharge from Liability
   d. Noting and Protest
   e. Dishonour of negotiable instruments

Text books:

1. Avtar Singh – Sale of Goods
2. Bhashyam and Adiga – Law of Negotiable Instruments

References:

2. Benjamin, Sale of Goods
4. Aithayah - Sale of Goods
Objective: The objective of the paper is to apprise the students with the laws relating to family matters applicable to different communities in India.

Unit – I: Marriage Laws (Lectures – 10)

a. Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
   i. Evolution of the institution of marriage
   ii. Concept of marriage
   iii. Forms, validity, voidability

b. Nikah (Muslim Marriage)
   i. Definition, objects and nature
   ii. Essentials and validity
   iii. Obligations arising out of marriage – Mahr, Maintenance etc.

c. Laws governing Christian and Parsi marriages

d. Civil Marriages

Unit – II: Dissolution of Marriage (Lectures – 10)

a. Theories of Divorce

b. Separation and Dissolution of Marriage under Hindu Law
   i. Judicial separation
   ii. Grounds of Divorce
   iii. Divorce by mutual consent
   iv. Jurisdiction and procedure

c. Dissolution of Marriage under Muslim Law
   i. By death
   ii. By the act of either party
   iii. By mutual consent
   iv. By court
   v. Indian Divorce Act and Parsi Marriage Act

Unit – III: Adoption and Maintenance (Lectures – 10)

a. Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956

b. Adoption
   (i) Ceremonies
   (ii) Capability
   (iii) Effect

c. Maintenance
i. Entitlement  
ii. Enforcement  
d. Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986  
e. Maintenance under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973

Unit – IV: Guardianship (Lectures – 10)

a. Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956  
b. Guardianship – Meaning  
c. Kinds of Guardianship  
d. Right, obligations and disqualification of guardian  
e. Guardianship under Muslim Law  
f. Entitlement to guardianship  
g. Rights, obligations and disqualification of a guardian

Text books:
1. Hindu Law - Paras Diwan  
2. Muslim Law of India - Tahir Mahmood  
3. Paras Diwan – Family Laws
Objective: The Objective of this paper is to provide understanding of basic concepts of Indian Constitution and various organs created by the constitution including their functions.

Unit – I: Constitution
   a. Definition and Classification
   b. Sources of Constitution
   c. Constitutional Conventions
   d. Salient features of Indian Constitution
   e. Rule of Law
   f. Separation of powers

Unit – II: Distribution of Powers between Center and States
   a. Legislative Powers
   b. Administrative Powers
   c. Financial powers

Relevant Doctrines: (a) Territorial Nexus (b) Harmonious Construction (c) Pith and Substance (d) Repugnancy

Unit – III: Constitutional Organs
   a. Parliament
   b. Parliamentary Sovereignty
   c. Parliamentary Privileges
   d. Anti Defection Law
   e. Executive Power
   f. Collective Responsibility of Cabinet
   g. Judiciary - Jurisdiction of Supreme Court and High Courts
   h. Independence of Judiciary
   i. Public Interest Litigation
   j. Power of Judicial Review
   k. Doctrine of Political Question

   Amendment of Constitution
   Doctrine of Basic Structure

Text books:
1. V.N. Shukla, Constitution of India
3. **Nutshells – Constitutional and Administrative Law.**
Essential Case Law:
2. In Re Article 143, Constitutional of India AIR 1951 S.C. 332
7. S.R. Bommai v. Union of India, 1994(3) S.C.C. 1
18. Gujarat University v. Sri Krishna AIR 1963 SC 702
20. Prafulla Kumar v. Pramil of Commerce AIR 1947 P.C. 60
22. Union of India & Ors. V. Shah Govardhan Lal Kabra 2000 (7) Scale 435
24. Union of India v. V.H.S. Dhillon AIR 1972 SC 1061
31. In powers, privileges and Immunities of State Legislature Re: AIR 1965 SC 745
34. Roop Ashok Hurrah v. Ashok Hurrah 2002 (3) SCC 406
35. Tirupathi Balaji Developers (P) Ltd. v. State of Bihar AIR 2004 SC 2351
36. A.K. Roy V. UOI 1982 (2) SCR 272
37. State of Maharashtra v. A. Lakshmirutty AIR 1987 SC 331
38. Kihoto Hollohah v. Zachillu 1992 Suppl (2) SCC 651
39. Ravi Naik v. UOI AIR 1994 SC 1558
40. G. Vishwanathan v. Speaker T.N. Assembly 1996 (2) SCC 353
41. M. Kashinath Jalmi v. Speaker Legislative Assembly Goa 1993 (2) SCC 703
42. D.C. Wadhwa v. State of Bihar 1987 (1) SCC 379
44.  Makhan Singh v. State of Punjab AIR 1964 SC 381
45.  A.D.M. Jabalpur v. Shivshankar Shukla AIR 1976 SC 1207
Objective: This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment.

Unit – I: Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law (Lectures – 10)
   a. Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code
   b. Definition of Crime
   c. Fundamental elements of crime
   d. Stages in commission of a crime
   e. Intention, Preparation, Attempt

Unit – II: General Explanations and Exceptions (Lectures– 10)
   a. Definitions
   b. Constructive joint liability
   c. Mistake
   d. Judicial and Executive acts
   e. Accident
   f. Necessity
   g. Infancy
   h. Insanity
   i. Intoxication
   j. Consent
   k. Good faith
   l. Private defence

Unit – III: Abetment and Criminal Conspiracy (Lectures – 08)

Unit – IV: Punishment (Lectures– 08)
   a. Theories: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive, Expiatory and Reformatory Theory
   b. Punishment under the IPC: Fine, Imprisonment, Capital Punishment

Text books:
   1. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal – The Indian Penal Code
   2. H.S. Gaur – Penal Law of India

References:
   1. Glanville Williams – Textbook of criminal law
   2. Russel on Crime
Essential Case Law:
1. Barendra Kumar Ghosh v. King Emperor – AIR 1925 PC
10. Delhi Judicial Service Association, Tis Hazari Court v. State of Gujrat AIR 1991 SC 2176
11. M Naughton’s Case – (1843) 4St Tr (NS) 847
15. Sukaroo Kabiraj v. Express – 1877 ILR (14) Cal 566
22. R v. shivpuri – 1986 2 All El 334
23. Mahaboob Shah v. King Emperor – AIR 1945 pc 118
24. B.N. Shreekantiah v. Mysore State AIR 1958 SC 672
27. Haradhan Chakrabarty v. Union of India – AIR 1990 SC 1210
Objective: The paper seeks to develop personality of students as lawyers.

Unit – I: Personality: Meaning and Definition (Lectures – 10)
  a. Determinants of personality
  b. Heredity, Environment and Situational Factors
  c. Theories of personality: Trait Theory, Type Theory, Psycho Analytic Theory,
     Meemastic Theory and Learning Theory

Unit – II: Attitude (Lectures – 10)
  a. Meaning and Definition
  b. Types of Attitude
  c. Formation of Attitude
  d. Negative Attitude and objective
  e. Building positive attitude
  f. Situational Analysis of Attitude
  g. Perception
  h. Biases, Prejudices and blind Spots

Unit – III: Motivation (Lectures – 10)
  a. Theories of Motivation
  b. Various motives: Biological and social Motives
  c. Motives to know and Be effective
  d. Frustration and conflict of Motives

Unit – IV: Leadership and Team- Building (Lectures – 10)
  d. Definition
  e. Theories
  f. Characteristics of leadership
  g. Team Building

Text books:
1. Introduction to Psychology – Morgan’s
2. Social Psychology – R.A. Baron
3. Psychology /: An Introduction – J.R. Gnow
4. Organizational Behaviour – Stephens P. Ronnins
Objective: The objective of this paper is to familiarize students of law with the history of Europe as many international laws/human rights/humanitarian laws emanate from developments in Europe.

UNIT – I: Europe from 1740-1815 (Lectures – 10)
  a. Industrial revolution in England
  c. Napoleonic Era and Europe

UNIT - II: Europe from 1815-1850 (Lectures – 14)
  a. Vienna Settlement and the Concert of Europe: Role of Metternich
  b. The Democratic and Nationalist aspirations of Europe: Independence of Belgium,
  c. Developments in Great Britain, France, Portugal, Italy, Germany, Austria-Hungry
  d. Working Class Movement: Socialism and Marx
  e. Women’s Movement

UNIT III: Europe from 1850-1871 (Lectures – 10)
  a. Crimean War (1853-56)
  b. Russia
  c. The Unification of Italy
  d. The Unification of Germany
  e. Near Eastern Question

UNIT IV: Europe from 1871-1945 (Imperialism and Colonialism) (Lectures – 20)
  a. France after 1870: Third Republic and its Constitution
  b. German Empire
  c. Partition of Africa, Militant Nationalism and the armament race
  d. International Relations and event leading to First World War: League of Nations
  e. Interwar years and the Second World War
  f. Humanitarian Concerns and United Nations

Text Books:
1. Joll, James, Europe since 1815
3. Thomson, David, Europe Since Napoleon

Reference:
1. Burns, Edward McNall, et.al, World Civilization, Volumes B and C
1. This paper focuses on understanding international relations and emerging issues in the relations between states.

I. Power
   a. Concept
   b. Components of National Power – population, geography, resources, economic organization, technology and military force.
   c. Limitations on National Power- international morality, public opinion and international law
   d. Balance of power

   (Lecture – 10)

II. United Nations
   a. UN- Six Principal Organs – General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, Secretariat, Trusteeship Council and International Court of Justice
   b. Peaceful settlement and Disputes- Negotiations, medication, conciliation, arbitration and judicial settlement.
   c. Collective Security Mechanism

   (Lecture – 10)

III. Diplomacy
   a. Cold War diplomacy- Causes, Phases and Case Studies – Korean Crisis, Vietnam Crisis, Cuban Crisis, Afganistan Crisis, Gulf War-I
   b. Post Cold War- Ongoing missions – Gulf War – II, Ethiopia, Somalia
   c. Foreign Policy – Alliances-NATO, CENTO,SEATO and WARSAW Pact and Non-Aligned Movement

   (Lecture – 10)

IV. Contemporary Global concerns
   a. Non-State Actors –
      i. NGOs
      ii. Inter-Governmental Organizations (IGOs)-IMF, WTO, OPEC and OAU

   (Lecture – 10)

Compulsory Readings:

Further Readings:
### THIRD YEAR

#### Fifth Semester

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<th>Paper Code</th>
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<td>LLB 301</td>
<td>Code of Civil Procedure – I</td>
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<td>LLB 303</td>
<td>Code of Criminal Procedure – I</td>
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<td>LLB 305</td>
<td>Law of Evidence</td>
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<td>LLB 307</td>
<td>Corporate Law</td>
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<td>LLB 309</td>
<td>Jurisprudence – I</td>
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<td>LLB 311</td>
<td>Human Rights Law</td>
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<td>BA LLB 315</td>
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*At the end of 2nd year, B.A. LL.B. Students shall undergo a summer training (during summer vacations) either with a corporate or a Law Firm. They will submit a Report at the end of it and the marks will be added in the 5th semester.*
Objective: This paper is to help a law student to acquire a thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of civil courts and other machineries.

Unit – I: Introduction
(Lectures – 10)
a. Definitions: Decree, Judgement, Order, Foreign Court, Foreign Judgement, Mesne, Profits, Affidavit, Suit, Plaintiff, Written Statement
b. Important Concepts: Res Sub-Judice, Resjudicata, Restitution, Caveat, Inherent powers of courts

Unit – II: Initial steps in a suit
(Lectures – 10)
a. Jurisdiction and place of suing
b. Institution of suit
c. Pleadings: Meaning, object, General rules, Amendment of pleadings
d. Plaintiff and written statement
e. Discovery, Inspection and production of documents
f. Appearance and non-appearance of parties
g. First hearing

Unit – III: Interim Orders
(Lectures – 10)
a. Commissions
b. Arrest before judgement
c. Attachment before judgement
d. Temporary Injunctions
e. Interlocutory orders
f. Receiver
g. Security of costs

Unit – IV: Suits in Particular Cases
(Lectures – 10)
c. Suits by or against Government
d. Suits by Indigent persons
e. Interpleader Suit
f. Summary Procedure
g. Suits relating to public nuisance

Text books:
2. C.K. Takwani, Code of Civil Procedure
4. Sarkar’s Code of Civil Procedure
Reference:
1. Ganguly – Civil Court, Practice and Procedure

Essential Case Law:
1. Topandas V/s Gorakhram, AIR 1964 SC 1348
2. Dhulabhai V/s State of H.P., AIR 1969 SC 78
3. Premier Automobile V/s Kamlakar, 1976 (1) SCC 496
5. Pandurang V/s Shantibai, AIR 1989 SC 2240
6. Workmen C.P. Trust V/s Board of Trustee, 1978 (3) SCC 119
7. Razia Begum V/s Anwar Begum, AIR 1958 SC 886 (895)
10. Martin Burn Ltd. V/s Banerjee, AIR 1958 SC 79
11. Dalpat V/s Prahlad., 1992 (1) SCC 719
14. Bihari Chordhary V/s State of Bihar, 1984 (2) SCC 627
15. Raj Duggal V/s Ramesh Kumar, AIR 1990 SC 2218
LLB
Subject: Code of Criminal Procedure – I

Objective: This paper is to give students thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of criminal courts and other machineries.

Unit – I: Introduction (Lectures – 06)
   a. Definitions
   b. Constitution and powers of Criminal Courts and Offices

Unit – II: Provisions for Investigations (Lectures – 10)
   a. Arrest and Bail provisions
   b. Information to the Police and their powers to investigate

Unit – III: Process to Compel Appearance and Production of things (Lectures – 12)
   a. Summons for Appearance
   b. Warrant of arrest
   c. Proclamation and attachment
   d. Other rules regarding processes
   e. Summons procedure
   f. Search Warrants
   g. General provisions as to search
   h. Miscellaneous

Unit-III: Proceedings before Magistrate (Lectures– 10)
   a. Conditions requisite for initiation of proceedings
   b. Complaints to Magistrates
   c. Commencement of proceedings before Magistrates
   d. Security Proceedings

Text Books:
1. Rattan Lal & Dhirajlal – Code of Criminal Procedure
2. R.V. Kelkar – Code of Criminal Procedure

References:
1. S.N. Mishra – Code of Criminal Procedure
2. Ganguly – Criminal Court, Practice and Procedure
Objective: This paper is to orient students with importance of evidence for establishment of claims and the related rules and principles.

Unit – I: Introduction and Relevancy (Lectures– 10)
   a. Evidence and its relationship with the substantive and procedural laws
   b. Definitions – Facts, facts in issue, relevant, evidence proved, disproved, not proved, oral and documentary evidence
   c. Relevancy and admissibility
   d. Doctrine of *res gestae*
   e. Conspiracy

Unit – II: Statement – Admissions / Confessions and Dying Declarations (Lectures – 10)
   a. Admissions
   b. Confessions
   c. Dying Declarations

Unit – III: Method of proof of facts (Lectures – 12)
   a. Presumptions
   b. Expert opinion
   c. Character
   d. Oral and documentary evidence
   e. Rules relating to Burden of proof
   f. Estoppel
   g. Privileged Communications

Unit – IV: Presumptions regarding discharge of burden of proof (Lectures – 10)
   a. Evidence by accomplice
   b. Judicial notice
   c. Dowry Death
   d. Certain Offences

Text books:
1. Rattan Lal Dheeraj Lal – Evidence
2. Avtar Singh – Evidence
3. Monir – Evidence
Objective: The paper aims to provide insight into formation and winding up of companies besides Corporate Administration.

Unit-I: Formation, Registration and Incorporation of company (Lectures – 10)

a. Nature and kinds of company
b. Promoters: Position, duties and liabilities
c. Mode and consequences of incorporation,
d. Uses and abuses of the corporate form, lifting of corporate veil,
e. Memorandum of Association, alteration and the doctrine of ultra vires,
f. Articles of association, binding nature, alteration, relation with memorandum of association, doctrine of constructive notice and indoor management- exceptions.

Unit-II: Capital Formation (Lectures – 08)

1. Prospectus: Issues, contents, Kinds, liability for misstatements, statement in lieu of prospectus,
2. The nature and classification of company securities,
3. Shares and general principles of allotment,
4. Statutory share certificate, its objects and effects,
5. Transfer of shares,
6. Share capital, reduction of share capital,
7. Duties of court to protect interests of creditors and shareholders.
8. Debentures, kinds, remedies of debenture holders.

Unit – III: Corporate Administration (Lectures– 10)

a. Directors – kinds, powers and duties,
b. Insider trading,
c. Meetings kinds and procedure,
d. The balance of powers within companies - Majority control and minority protection, Prevention of oppression, and powers of court and central government,
e. Emerging trends in Corporate social responsibility, legal liability of company - civil, criminal, tortuous and environmental.

Unit-IV: Winding up of Companies (Lectures – 08)

a. Kinds, consequences and reasons of winding up,
b. Role of the court,
c. Liability of past members,
d. Payment of liabilities,
e. Reconstruction and amalgamation.
Text books:
1. Avtar Singh : Indian Company Law
2. Shah S. M : Lectures on Company Law

Further Readings:
1. Palmer - Company Law
2. Ramiaya: Guide to Companies Act
3. Gower: Principles of Modern Company Law
Objective: The course aims at developing an analytical approach to understand the nature of law, development of law and working of a legal system in different dimensions with reference to popular legal theorists.

Unit – I: Introduction (Lectures – 10)
   a. Nature and scope of Jurisprudence
   b. Need for study of Jurisprudence
   c. Linkage between Jurisprudence and other sciences

Unit – II: Schools of Jurisprudence – I (Lectures– 09)
   a. Natural Law
   b. Analytical positivism, Pure Theory
   c. Historical Jurisprudence

Unit – III: Schools of Jurisprudence – II (Lectures – 08)
   a. Sociology Jurisprudence
   b. Economic Approach
   c. Legal Realism

Unit – IV: Indian Perspectives in Jurisprudence (Lectures – 06)
   a. Classical Approach
   b. Medieval Influences
   c. Modern Trends

Text books:
1. R.W.M. Dias, Jurisprudence
2. Prof. (Mrs.) Nomita Aggarwal, Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
3. B.N. Maini Tripathi, Legal Theory
4. Edger Bodenheimer, Jurisprudence
Objective: The objective of this course is to lay the foundation of the Human Rights law and acquaint the students with basic human rights institutions.

Unit – I: Introduction (Lectures – 09)
   a. History
   b. Evolution
   c. Growth

Unit – II: UN Charter and Human Rights (Lectures – 09)
   a. UDHR
   b. Covenants of 1966
   c. Optional Protocols

Unit – III: Human Rights under the Indian Constitution and their Enforcement (Lectures– 10)
   a. Fundamental Rights
   b. Directive Principles of State Policy

Unit – IV: Role of Judiciary (Lectures– 09)
   a. NHRC
   b. NGOs

Unit - V: Group Rights (Lectures – 09)
   a. Prisoners
   b. Women and Children
   c. Indigenous People
   d. Disabled

Text books:
   1. UN Charter
   2. Constitution of India
   3. Human Rights Act 1993

References:
   2. Upender Baxi – Human Rights
   3. Thomas Buergenthal – Human Rights
   4. Henry Steiner & Philip Alston – International Human Rights Law
Objective: The objective of this paper is to make students understand the French language so that they can easily understand the French legal system and the French terms generally used in law.

Unit – I: (1) Introduction in French (Lectures – 12)
   a) Verb: S’appeler
      Être
      Avoir
      Habiter
   b) Article / Préposition: à, en, au
   c) Name of some common Countries and Nationality
   d) To talk about different professions

(2) How to talk about one’s liking and disliking
   a) Verb: Aimer
      Adorer
      Préférer
      Detester
   b) Some common vocabularies like music, cinema, theatre ....... etc.
   c) Article: un, une, des / le, la, les ........

Unit- II: (1) How to talk about the activities of week- end and vacations.... etc. (Lectures – 10)
   a) Verb: Aller
      Venir
      Rester
      Se reposer
      Regarder
   b) Preposition / Article : au, à la, ......../ du, de la ............etc.

(2) How to talk about the activities of the day:
   a. Pronominal verb: Se réveiller
      Se lever ......... etc.

(3) To know about time and seasons:
   A) Verb: Faire
      Être
Unit – III: (1) How to take permission / express one’s wishes:
(Lectures – 10)
   a. Verb: vouloir
      Pouvoir
      Voir
   b. Pronoun: moi, toi, .......... etc.

(2) How to locate some thing / some place or some person
   a. Préposition: à côté de, à gauche de, sur .......... etc.

(3) How to ask questions / Different form of questions:
   a. Qu’est-ce que c’est?
   b. Qui est-ce?
   c. Comment, pourquoi, Où, Combien .......... etc.

Unit – IV: (1) How to describe a person: (Lectures – 10)
   a. Adjective: tall / short
      Fat / thin

(2) How to write Informal letter

Text: Nouveau Sans Frontières-1 (Only concerned lessons which cover the syllabus)

Reference book:

(1) Le Francais du Droit – J. L. Penfornis
    Campus – Jacky Girardet & Jacques Pecheur
Objective: To enable the students to converse, read and write in the language with the help of the basic rules of grammar, which will later help them to strengthen their language. To give the students an insight into the culture, geography, political situation and economic opportunities available in Germany.

Module – 1: Introduction

Self Introduction, Greetings, family tree

Module – 2: Articles

The definite and indefinite articles in masculine, feminine and neuter gender. Professions in both genders, countries and nationalities.

Module – 3: Numbers and Time

The counting, plural structures and the time.

Module – 4: More about time periods

Weekdays, months, seasons
Adverbs of time and time related prepositions.

Module – 5: Pronouns

Personal pronouns and the simple possessive pronouns, the use of my, your with the family members.

Module – 6: Irregular Verbs

Module – 7: Accusative Case, pronouns and prepositions

Module – 8: Translations

Text & References:

Moment Mal 1: Chapter 1 – 3
Each student shall undergo practical training of eight weeks during the vacations after fourth semester either with a corporate or a law firm and submit at least two copies of the Summer Training Report to the Dean/Director of the Institution within two weeks of the commencement of the Fifth Semester. It shall be evaluated by a Board of Members consisting of (i) Dean/ Director of the Institute (ii) two faculty members and an invitee from outside School/Institute.
## FOURTH YEAR

### Seventh Semester

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<th>SUBJECTS</th>
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<td>LLB 401</td>
<td>Land Laws</td>
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<td>LLB 409</td>
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<td>LLB 411</td>
<td>Tax Law</td>
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Objective: The object of this paper is to focus on land reforms besides land acquisition procedures enunciated in the Act of 1894 and the rent laws.

Unit – I: Land Reforms (Lectures – 06)
   a. Constitutional Provisions on Agrarian Reform Legislation
   b. Abolition of private landlordism
   c. Land Ceiling Legislation
   d. State enactments prohibiting alienation of land by tribals to non-tribals
   e. Consolidation of holdings

Unit – II: Land Acquisition (Lectures – 10)
   a. Purpose
   a. Procedure
   b. Compensation

Unit – III: Rent Law: Concepts, Terms and Processes (Lectures – 07)
   a. Rent Legislation in India
   b. Definitions, Land Lord, Tenant, Land and Fair Rent.
   c. Fixation of fair rent

Unit – IV: Eviction and Dispute Settlement Mechanism (Lectures – 07)
   a. Grounds of eviction: Non-payment of Rent, Sub-letting, Change of user, Material, alterations, Non-occupancy, Nuisance, Dilapidation, Bonafide requirement of the landlord, Alternative accommodation, Building and reconstruction and Limited Tenancy
   b. Settlement of rent disputes

Text books:
1. Constitution of India – Mr. V.N. Shukla
2. Law of Acquisition of land in India – Mr. P.K. Sarkar
3. Delhi Rent Law – Jaspal Singh
4. Law of Rent Control in India – K.T.S. Tulsi
Objective: The object of this paper is to keep pace with legal developments in the context of emerging Technology in various fields.

Unit – I: E-COMMERCE  (Lectures– 09)
   a. Online contracting
   b. Online securities offering
   c. E-Banking

Unit – II: Cyber Crimes  (Lectures – 09)
   a. Obscenity
   b. Defamation
   c. Hacking and Cracking
   d. Crime through Mobile Phones

Unit – III: Genetic and Medical Technologies  (Lectures – 09)
   a. Regulation of Genetic Technology
   b. Laws on Medical Technology

Unit – IV: Broadcasting  (Lectures – 09)
   a. Regulation and Control of Broadcasting
   b. Law relating to Cable Television Network

Text books:
1. Relevant Legislations and Conventions
2. Information Technology Act - Prof. S.R.Bhansali
3. Cyber Law (Text and Cases), Gerald R. Ferrera, WEST THOMSON LEARNING
4. Cyber Crime - Vakul Sharma
Objective: The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with basics of intellectual property rights with special reference to Indian law and practice.

Unit – I: Copyright (Lectures – 09)
   a. Nature and Meaning
   b. Scope of protection
   c. Procedure for protection
   d. Enforcement and Remedies

Unit – II: Patents (Lectures – 09)
   a. Nature and Meaning
   b. Scope of protection
   c. Procedure for protection
   d. Enforcement and Remedies

Unit –III: Trademarks (Lectures – 09)
   a. Nature and Meaning
   b. Scope of protection
   c. Procedure for protection
   d. Enforcement and Remedies

Unit –IV: Designs (Lectures – 09)
   a. Nature and Meaning
   b. Scope of protection
   c. Procedure for protection
   d. Enforcement and Remedies

Text books:
1. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883;
2. Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, 1886;
3. Indian Copyright Act, 1957;
4. Indian Patents Act, 1970;
5. Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, 1994 (the TRIPS Agreement);
6. Indian Trademarks Act, 1999;
References:


2. Correa, Carlos M., *Intellectual Property Rights, the WTO and Developing Countries: The TRIPS Agreement and Policy Options* (Penang: Third World Network, 2000);


13. Dhar et al., *Regime of Intellectual Property Protection for Biodiversity: A Developing Country Perspective* (N. Delhi: RIS, 2001);


24. Maggs, P. B., et al., Internet and Computer Law: Cases, Comments and Questions (St. Paul, Minn.: West Group, 2001);


27. Nair and Kumar, eds., Intellectual Property Rights (N. Delhi: Allied, 1994);


34. Stewart, S.M., International Copyright and Neighbouring Rights (London: Butterworths, 1983);


37. Watal, Intellectual Property Rights in the WTO and Developing Countries (Delhi: OUP, 2001);

Objective: This paper focuses on various aspects of management of labour relations and dispute settlement bodies and techniques.

Unit – I: Trade Unions and Collective Bargaining (Lectures – 10)
   a. Trade Unionism in India
   b. Definition of trade union and trade dispute
   c. Registration of trade unions
      i) Legal status of registered trade union
      ii) Mode of registration
      iii) Powers and duties of Registrar
      iv) Cancellation and dissolution of trade union
      v) Procedure for change of name
      vi) Amalgamation and dissolution of trade union
   d. Disqualifications of office-bearers, Right and duties of office-bearers and members
   e. General and Political funds of trade union
   f. Civil and Criminal Immunities of Registered trade unions
   g. Recognition of trade union
   h. Collective bargaining

Unit – II: Standing Orders (Lectures – 09)
   a. Concept and nature of standing orders
   b. Scope and coverage of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
   c. Certification process
      i) procedure for certification
      ii) appeals against certification
      iii) Condition for certification
      iv) Date of operation of standing orders
      v) Building nature and effect of certified standing orders
      vi) Posting of standing orders
   d. Modification and temporary application of model Standing Orders
   e. Interpretation and enforcement of Standing Orders
   f. Penalties and procedure

Unit – III: Resolution of Industrial Dispute (Lectures – 09)
   a. Industrial dispute and individual dispute
   b. Arena of interaction and Participants– Industry, workman and employer
   c. Settlement of industrial dispute
      i) Works Committee
ii) Conciliation Machinery  
iii) Court of Enquiry  
iv) Voluntary Arbitration  
v) Adjudication – Labour Court, Tribunal and National Tribunal  
d. Powers of the appropriate Government under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947  
e. Unfair Labour Practice  

Unit – IV: Instruments of Economic Coercion (Lectures– 10)  
a. Concept of strike  
i. Gherao  
ii. Bandh and Lock-out  
iii. Types of strike  
iv. Rights to strike and Lock-out  
v. General Prohibition of strikes and lock-outs  
vi. Prohibition of strikes and lock-outs in public utility services  
vii. Illegal strikes and lock-outs  
viii. Justification of strikes and lock-outs  
ix. Penalties for illegal strikes and Lock-outs  
x. Wages for strikes and lock-outs  

b. Lay-off  
i. Retrenchment  
ii. Transfer and closure – Definition of lay-off and retrenchment compensation  
iii. Compensation to workmen in case of transfer of undertaking closure  
iv. Closure - Prevention and regulation  
v. Conditions – precedent for retrenchment  
vi. Special provisions relating to lay-off, retrenchment and closure in certain establishments  
vii. Procedure for retrenchment and re-employment of retrenched workmen and penalty  
c. Disciplinary action and domestic enquiry  
d. Management’s prerogative during the pendency of proceedings  
e. Notice of change  

Text books:  

References:  
1. O.P. Malhotra, Industrial Disputes Act, Vol. I & II
2. Indian Law Institute – Cases and Materials on Labour Law and Labour Relations
Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the environmental issues and the measures taken for its protection along with the norms prevailing at international and national level.

UNIT – I: Environmental Law: International and National Perspective (Lectures – 10)

i. Introduction
   i. Environment – Meaning
   ii. Environment Pollution – Meaning and Issues

b. International Norms
   i. Sustainable Development – Meaning and Scope
   ii. Precautionary Principle
   iii. Polluter pays Principle
   iv. Public Trust Doctrine

c. Constitutional Guidelines
   i. Right to Wholesome Environment – Evolution and Application
   ii. Relevant Provisions – Art. 14, 19 (1) (g), 21, 48-A, 51-A(g)
   iii. Environment Protection through Public Interest Litigation

d. Other Laws
   i. Law of Torts
   ii. Law of Crimes
   iii. Environmental Legislations

UNIT – II: Prevention and Control of Water and Air Pollution (Lectures – 10)

a. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
   i. Water Pollution - Definition
   ii. Central and State Pollution Control Boards – Constitution, Powers and Functions
   iii. Water Pollution Control Areas
   iv. Sample of effluents – Procedure; Restraint order
   v. Consent requirement – Procedure, Grant/Refusal, Withdrawal
   vi. Citizen Suit Provision

b. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
   i. Air Pollution – Definition
ii. Central and State Pollution Control Boards – Constitution, Powers and functions
iii. Air Pollution Control Areas
iv. Consent Requirement – Procedure, Grant/Refusal, Withdrawal
v. Sample of effluents – Procedure; Restraint order
vi. Citizen Suit Provision
UNIT – III: Protection of Forests and Wild Life  (Lectures – 08)

a. Indian Forest Act, 1927  
   i. Kinds of forest – Private, Reserved, Protected and Village Forests  
   ii. The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980  

b. The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972  
   i. Authorities to be appointed and constituted under the Act  
   ii. Hunting of Wild Animals  
   iii. Protection of Specified Plants  
   iv. Protected Area  
   v. Trade or Commerce in wild animals, animal articles and trophies; Its prohibition.

UNIT – IV: General Environmental Legislations  (Lectures – 10)

i. Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986  
   ii. Powers and Functions of Central Govt.  
   iii. Citizen Suit Provision  

b. Principle of ‘No fault’ and ‘Absolute Liability’  
   i. Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991  
   ii. The National Environment Tribunal Act, 1995  

c. The National Appellate Environmental Authority Act, 1997  
   i. Constitution, powers and functions

Text Books
1. Environmental Law & Policy in India – Shyam Diwan, Armin Rosencranz  
2. Environmental Law in India – P. Leelakrishnan

Statutes
1. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974  
2. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981  
3. The Indian Forest Act, 1927  
4. The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980  
5. The Wild Life Protection Act, 1972  
6. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986  
8. The National Environment Tribunal Act, 1995  
References:
1. Environmental Law in India – Gurdip Singh
2. Environmental Administration, Law and Judicial Attitude – Paras Diwan, Peeyushi Diwan

Essential Case Law:

2. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1997 SC 734
5. Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action v. Union of India, AIR 1996 SC 1446
7. A.P. Pollution Control Board v. M.V. Nayudu, AIR 1999 SC 812
10. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1988 SC 1037
15. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, 1998 (4) SCALE 196
17. Tarun Bharat Singh v. Union of India (1994) 2 SCALE 68
18. T.N. Godavarman Thirumulpad v. Union of India, AIR 1998 SC 769
20. S. Jagannath v. Union of India, AIR 1997 SC 811
22. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1987 SC 965
23. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1987 SC 982
24. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, AIR 1987 SC 1086
25. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, (Relocation of Industries in Delhi), AIR 1996 SC 2231
26. A.P. Pollution Control Board v. M.V. Nayudu, AIR 1999 SC 812
Objective: Concept of income tax, heads of income, including foreign income assessment procedures, adjudication and settlement of tax disputes are the focus points of study in this

Unit – I: Introduction (Lectures – 09)
   a. Definitions
   b. Basis of Income
      - Charge of Income Tax
      - Scope of total Income
      - Residential status of an assessee
      - Dividend Income
      - Income deemed to accrue or arise in India
      - Foreign income and its taxability

Unit – II: Incomes which do not form part of total Income (Lectures – 09)
   a. Incomes not included in total income
   b. Special provision in respect of newly established industrial undertaking in free trade zones
   c. Special provision in respect of newly established hundred per cent export-oriented undertaking
   d. Income from property held for charitable or religious purpose
   e. Income of trusts or institutions from contributions
   f. Conditions as to registration of trusts, etc.
   g. Section 11 not to apply in certain cases
   h. Special provision relating to incomes of political parties

Unit – III: Heads of Income (Lectures – 09)
   a. Salaries
   b. Income from house property
   c. Profits and gains of business or profession
   d. Capital gains
   e. Income from other sources

Unit – IV: Tax Authorities (Lectures – 10)
   a. Powers
   b. Procedure for Adjudication and Settlement

Text books:
References:
1. N.A. Palkwllah’s Income Tax Act (Two Volume)
2. Iyer’s Income Tax Act
3. Chaturvedi’s Direct Tax Act (Three Volume)
### FIFTH YEAR

#### Ninth Semester

<table>
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<th>Code No.</th>
<th>SUBJECTS</th>
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<td>a. Banking and Insurance Law</td>
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<td>b. International Humanitarian Law</td>
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<td>c. Indirect Taxes</td>
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<td>d. International Refugee Law</td>
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<td>e. Criminology</td>
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<td>f. Socio-Economic Offences</td>
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<td>g. International Economic Law</td>
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<td>h. Private International Law</td>
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<td>i. Law of International Organisations</td>
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<td>j. Heath Care Law</td>
<td>3</td>
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1. The paper aims to imbue students with importance of Ethics in Legal profession. It also focuses on Court craft as part of Legal Profession.

2. **Pattern of Question Paper**: The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

3. Supreme Court Rules, 1966  
   Delhi High Court Rules, 1967  
   (Number of hours – 10)

4. Limitation Act, 1963  
   Indian registration Act, 1908  
   (Number of hours – 08)

5. Bench – Bar Relations  
   a. Reciprocity as Partners in Administration of Justice  
   b. Professional Misconduct  
   c. Rights and Privileges of Advocates  
   (Number of hours – 08)

6. Legal Ethics  
   a. Ethics in present Era  
   b. Ethics and statutory sanctions  
   c. Ethics and Professional Duty  
   d. Conflicts between Internet and duty  
   e. Duty to court  
   f. Duty to client  
   g. Duty to opponent  
   h. Duty to colleague  
   i. Duty towards society and obligation to render legal aid  
   (Number of hours – 08)

**Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):**

1. Dr. Kailash Rai - Legal Ethics – Accountancy for lawyers and bench and Bar relations  
2. B.R. Aggarwala – Supreme Court Practice and Procedure

**Further Readings :**

P. Ramanatha Iyer- Legal and Professional Ethics  
B.B. Mitra – The Limitation Act

**Essential Case Law:**

1. A.M. Mathur v. Pramod Kumar Gupta, 1990 (2) SCC 533  
2. Bar Council of Maharashtra v. M.V. Dabhulkar 1976(1) SCR 306 also 1976 (2) SCR 48  
5. Advocate Genl Bihar v. Patna High Court, 1986 (2) SCC 577  
9. Harish Uppal v. Union of India, AIR 2003 SC 739  
11. In the matter of ‘P’ an advocate AIR 1963 SC 1313  
1. The object of this paper is to train students in the art of drafting both for court purposes as well as for other legal forums.

2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

---

### I. Fundamental Rules of Pleadings

- a. Plaint Structure
- b. Description of Parties
- c. Written Statement and affidavit
- d. Application for setting aside ex-part decree  
  *(Number of hours – 06)*

### II. Ordinary suit for Recovery

- b. Suit under Order XXXVII of CPC and the difference between the two suits
- b. Suit for Permanent Injunction
- c. Application for temporary injunction Order XXXIX of CPC
- d. Suit for Specific Performance
- e. Petition for eviction under the Delhi Rent Control Act  
  *(Number of hours – 06)*

### III. General Principles of Criminal Pleadings

- a. Application for bail
- b. Application under Section 125 Cr.P.C.
- c. F.I.R. – under Section 154 Cr.P.C.  
  *(Number of hours – 06)*

### IV. Model Draft

**Forms**

- Notice to the tenant under section 106 of Transfer of Property Act
- Notice under section 80 of CPC
- Reply to notice
- General Power of Attorney
- Will
- Agreement to SELL
- Sale – deed
- Suit for Dissolution of Partnership
- Petition for grant of probate / Letters of Administration
- Application for appointment of receiver/Local Commissioner
- Application for Compromise of Suit
- Application for Appointment of Guardian
- Application to sue as an indigent person under Order 33 CPC
- Appeal from original decree under Order 41 of CPC
- Appeal from orders under order 43 of CPC
- Revision Petition
- Review Petition
- Application under section 5 of Limitation Act
- Application for execution
Application for caveat section 148A of CPC
Writ Petition
Application under section 482 of CPC
Compounding of offences by way of compromise under section 320(i) Cr.P.C.
Lease deed
Special Power of Attorney
Relinquishment Deed
Partnership Deed
Mortgage Deed
Reference to Arbitration and Deed of Arbitration
Deed of gift
Notice under section 434 of the Companies Act
Notice for Specific Performance of Contract

(Number of hours – 15)

Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):

a. Conveyancing – N.S. Bindra
b. Conveyancing – A.N. Chaturvedi
c. Mogha’s Law of Pleading
d. Conveyancing – D’Souza
I. Banking System in India
   a. Kinds of banks and their functions
   b. Banking Regulation Laws
      (i) Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
      (ii) Banking Regulation Act, 1949
   c. Relationship between banker and customer
      - Legal Character
      - Contract between banker & customer
      - Banking duty to customers
      - The Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 1995
      - Liability under Consumer Protection Act, 1986
      (Number of hours – 09)

II. Lending, Securities and Recovery by Banks
   1. Principles of Lending
   2. Position of Weaker Sections
   3. Nature of Securities and Risks Involved
   4. Recovery of debts with and without intervention of courts / tribunal:
      (i) Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993
      (Number of hours – 09)

III. Banking Frauds
   a. Nature of Banking Frauds
   b. Legal Regime to Control Banking Frauds
   c. Recent Trends in Banking: Automatic Teller Machine and Internet Banking, Smart Cards, Credit Cards
      (Number of hours – 06)
IV. Insurance Law

a. Nature of Insurance Contracts
b. Kinds of Insurance:
   (iii) Life Insurance
   (iv) Mediclaim
   (v) Property Insurance
   (vi) Fire Insurance
   (vii) Motor Vehicles Insurance (with special reference to third party insurance).
c. Constitution, Functions and Powers of Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority
d. Application of Consumer Protection Act, 1986 (Number of hours – 10)

Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):
   1. Banking Law & Negotiable Instruments Act – Sharma and Nainta
   2. Banking System, Frauds and Legal Control – R.P. Namita
   3. Law of Insurance – M.N. Mishra
   4. Handbook of Insurance and Allied Laws – C. Rangarajan

Further Reading:
   1. Banking Law & Practice in India – M.L. Tannan
1. The objective this paper is to make students aware of the principles of international humanitarian law and enable them to specialise in the field of Human Rights Law and Humanitarian Law.

2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

### i. Introduction
- b. History
- c. Evolution
- d. Growth

(Number of hours – 08)

### ii. Geneva Conventions Systems
- d. Geneva Convention I, II, III, IV

(Number of hours – 08)

### iii. Armed Conflicts
1. Internal armed conflict
2. International armed conflicts
3. Non-international armed conflicts

(Number of hours – 08)

### iv. Enforcement Machinery
- a. International Criminal Court
- b. ICRC

(Number of hours – 08)

Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):
3. Legality of the Threat or Use of nuclear weapons, Advisory Opinion, ICJ Reports (1996)
5. Ravindra Pratap, “India’s Attitude towards IHL”, in Mani (ed.) International Humanitarian Law in South Asia (Genava: ICRC, 2003)
1. Focus of this paper is to orient students with various indirect taxes such as central excise, customs and sales tax. This optional paper will enable students to specialise in tax laws.

2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

I. **Central Excise**
   a. Background and introduction to Excise Law in India
   b. Structure of Excise Law in India
   c. Meaning of ‘Manufacture’ under section 2(f) and ‘Manufacturer’ under section 2(f)
   d. Classification of goods:
      - Central Excise Tariff Act 1985
      - Rules for Interpretation of CETA
      - Other aspects of Classification
   e. Valuation
      - Study of section 4 and section 4 A alongwith Rules for Valuation
   f. CENVAT
      - Basic meaning
      - MODVAT
      - CENVAT on inputs
      - CENVAT on Capital goods
   g. Administration structure of excise department (**Number of hours – 08**)

II. **Customs**
   Background and Introduction to Customs Law in India
   Structure of Customs Law in India
   Administrative structure of Customs department Sections 3 to 6
   Territorial Waters of India
   ‘Goods’ under Customs Act
   Types of Duties
   Valuation:
      - Section 14
      - Rules for valuation
   Restrictions on import and export under the Customs Act 1962
   Introduction to Duty Drawback
Introduction to Baggage Rules and Import by Post and Courier

(Number of hours – 08)

III. Sales Tax & Vat

Introduction to Central Sales Tax
Constitutional Provisions on taxes on Sales of Goods
Charging Section
Inter-state sale
Movement of Goods
Stock Transfer
Meaning of goods and Sales
Introduction to VAT

(Number of hours – 08)

IV. Service Tax

a. Introduction and Background
b. Constitutional Validity
c. Provisions regarding:
   - Registration
   - Records
   - Self Assessment and verification
   - Interest on Delayed Payment
   - List Services included

(Number of hours – 08)

Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):

3. V.S. Dubey – Taxman
4. R.K. Gupta – Excise Law
5. S.S. Gupta – Service Tax : How to meet your obligation

Further Readings:

1. Rakesh Bhargava Mukesh Bhargava – Central Excise Tariff
2. D.N. Kohli – Manual of Central Excise Law and Procedure in India
1. The objective of the paper is to enable the students specialising in human rights to be acquainted with laws governing the refugees.

2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

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**Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):**

Paper Code: LL.B. 505 (e)  
Paper: Criminology  
L T Credit  
3 1 4

1. The object of this paper is to discuss the causative factors of crime and treatment of criminals and victims.
2. Pattern of Question Paper: The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

I. Understanding Crime
   a. Conceptions/ Definitions of Crime
   b. Causal approaches to explanations and difficulties of applications of casual analysis to human behaviour
   c. Specific Theories: Biophysical explanations, Psychodynamic approaches, Social learning theories of Crime causation, Social learning through sub-cultures of deviance, Social disorganization theories, and Economistic approaches
      (Number of hours – 08)

II. Deviations
   a. Legislation
   b. Treatment
   c. Judicial Approach

Socio-Economic Crimes
   a. White collar crimes
   b. Drug Abuse
      (Number of hours – 09)

III. Punishment
   a. Theories of Punishment: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive and Reformatory
   b. Alternatives to imprisonment: Probation, Open jail, Parole etc.
   c. Prison reform and the Judicial Response
   d. Capital Punishment
      (Number of hours – 08)

IV. Victimology
   a. Need for compensation
   b. Compensation and Rehabilitation
   c. Compensation as a mode of punishment
   d. Constitutional perspective of compensation
      (Number of hours – 06)

Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):
1. Sutherland and Crssey – Criminology
2. Ahmed Siddique – Criminology
3. Mrs. Vedkumari – Juvenile Justice
Paper Code: LL.B. 505 (f)  
Paper: Socio-Economic Offences  
L  
T  
Credit  
3  
1  
4  

1. 1. This paper aims at creating awareness about laws which are meant for prevention of socio-economic offences including corruption in public offices, hoarding, adultration etc.

2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked.

I. **Hoarding and Profiteering**  
   a. Laws relating to maintenance of essential supplies  
   b. Laws on maintenance of standards of weights and measur *(Number of hours – 08)*

II. **Adultration**  
   a. Prevention of food adultration  
   b. Control of Spurious Drugs *(Number of hours – 08)*

III. **Corruption**  
   a. Practice and Dimensions of corruption  
   b. Anti Corruption Laws *(Number of hours – 08)*

IV. **Investigation and Prosecution**  
   1. Central Vigilance Commission (CVC)  
   2. Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI)  
   3. Criminal Investigation Department (CID)  
   4. Other organizations *(Number of hours – 08)*

**Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):**

1. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988  
2. Central Vigilance Commission Act, 2003  
3. Essential Commodities Act, 1955  
5. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940  
6. Standards of Weight and Measures Act, 1976  
1. The objective of this course is to make students aware of the importance of international economic laws and governing principles with special references to India.
2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

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I. **Introduction**
   c. **Definition**
   d. New International Economic Order

   **(Number of hours – 06)**

II. **Subjects of International Economic Law**
   a. States
   b. Multinational Enterprises
   c. Individual

   **(Number of hours – 08)**

III. **Major Economic Rights of States**
   a. Permanent Sovereignty
   b. Non-intervention in domestic Affairs

   **(Number of hours – 08)**

IV. **Dispute Settlements in International Economic Law**
   c. International Organisations
      - IMF
      - WTO
      - EC
   d. Between States and Foreign Investors
      - ICC
      - ICSID

   **(Number of hours – 08)**

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**Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):**

1. The objective of this course is to study the basic principles governing conflict of laws in their application to various situations.

2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25 marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

### I. Introduction
Application and subject matter of Private International Law,
Distinction with Public International Law,
Characterization and theories of characterization,
Concept of Renvoi,
Application of foreign law.
Domicile,
Jurisdiction of courts (Number of hours – 09)

### II. Family Law matters,
Material and formal validity of marriage under Indian and English law
Choice of law and jurisdiction of courts in matrimonial causes: dissolution of marriage,
grounds of divorce, restitution of conjugal rights, recognition of foreign judgments (Number of hours – 09)

### III. Adoption:
Recognition of foreign adoptions,
Adoption by foreign parents,
Jurisdiction under Indian and English law. (Number of hours – 09)

### IV. Indian Law relating to foreign judgment
Basis of recognition, recognition,
Finality, Failure
Direct execution of foreign decrees, (Number of hours – 09)

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Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):
- Statutes
  - *Civil Procedure Code, 1973*
  - *Hindu Succession Act, 1925*
  - *The Hague Draft Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Judgments in Civil and Commercial Matters*
  - *Guidelines for Inter Country Adoptions, 1994*
- Books
  - Dr. Paras Diwan. *Private International Law*
- Further Readings:
  - Cheshire
  - Morris
1. The paper is to enable students of international laws to specialise in the subject by having a
detailed study of the structure, purpose and functioning of international organisations.
2. **Pattern of Question Paper:** The question paper shall have Parts ‘A’ and ‘B’. In part ‘A’ there
shall be one compulsory question based on objective or short answer type questions carrying 25
marks and covering the entire course. In part ‘B’, two questions of 12.5 marks each shall be asked
from every unit asking the candidates to attempt one question from each unit.

I. **Introduction**
   a. IPU
   b. League of Nations
   c. ILO

   (Number of hours – 09)

II. **Legal Personality**
    The Reparations case (ICJ Report 1949)

   (Number of hours – 08)

III. **Relations with States**
    e. Members
    Non-members
    Municipal Law

   (Number of hours – 08)

IV. **Law – Making and Enforcement**
    h. UN
    WTO
    EU

   (Number of hours – 08)

**Textbooks / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):**

4. T.A. Hartley, European Community Law
I. Medicine and Healthcare
   a. Healthcare as an issue at the national and international level
   b. Constitutional provisions
      - Right to Health as a Fundamental Right
      - Remedies available under the Indian Constitution
      - Right to health vis-à-vis the right to confidentiality
      - Access to medical records

II. Professional Obligations of Doctors
   a. Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994
   b. Pre Conception & Pre Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of sex selection) Act, 1994
   c. International Code of Medical Ethics
   d. Indian Medicine Central Council Act, 1970
   e. Dentists Act, 1948
   f. The Homeopathy Central Council Act, 1973
   g. The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940

III. Medical Negligence
   a. Ingredients
   b. Role of consent in medical practice
   c. Error of judgment and gross negligence
   d. Wrongful diagnosis and negligent diagnosis

IV. Remedies for Medical negligence
   a. Law of Torts
   b. Law of Crimes
   c. Consumer Protection Law

Text books / Compulsory Readings (Latest editions only):
   1. Vijay Malik – Drug and Cosmetic Act, 1940
   2. Anoop K. Kaushal – Medical Negligence & Legal Remedies

Further Readings:
   1. Dr. Jagdish Singh – Medical negligence Compensation
   2. B.K. Dutta – Drug Contro