Assessment of Construction Methods in Remodeling and in Reconstruction

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Abstract- When we discuss advanced building procedures, we are referring to innovative, ecofriendly methods that the construction sector employs to reduce expenses, time, and waste. Modern technology including 3D printing, green building techniques, self-healing materials, and building information modeling (BIM) are employed in these techniques. These techniques can improve the building's efficacy, quality, and safety while saving money and time. To better comprehend the potential applications and benefits of these advanced construction techniques and prepare for the future of the construction industry, researchers in the field of civil engineering should look into them.

Keywords: Construction methods, remodeling, reconstruction.

I. INTRODUCTION

Any nation's development is based on its construction industry. Construction methods have undergone a revolution thanks to technological breakthroughs. Modern construction methods must be intelligent and minimize sustainable to negative effects environmental boost and productivity. Civil engineering final-year students can investigate these cutting-edge building methods that could influence the industry going forward. We've covered everything you need to know about the construction industry here. The word "construction," which has Latin and Old French roots, refers to the art and science of creating things, systems, or organizations. The verb "to construct" refers to the act of constructing, whereas the noun "construction" describes the method of construction and the characteristics of a structure.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

There will inevitably be limits to this investigation. Consider the length of time, the rapid revolution, and the technological integration. The application of this study may be restricted to a particular time frame, as suggested by Force ET themes, which suggest that such studies should be carried out at least every three years. Although the AEC sector is rapidly being exposed to new ideas, methods, and technologies, this could lead to a reinterpretation of the term "smart construction site" in the future and raise concerns about the conclusions' applicability. Nevertheless, overall, this study could be helpful to academics and professionals working in fields related to smart construction sites. For example, the researchers may find it easier to identify the most productive writers and influential works of literature; practitioners may find it easier to pinpoint the most recent developments in the field of smart construction sites and then improve or create new products to reach a wider audience in the future. Future research indicates that practitioners and scholars will be paying considerably greater attention to each of the seven themes. Lastly, this study broadened

the technique for research on smart construction sites [1-4].

III. ASSESSMENT METHODS

Constructing a structure from its component elements is known as construction. There are two types of construction: temporary and permanent. Residential, commercial, and industrial constructions are the most prevalent forms of construction. Both new buildings and rehabilitation are considered forms of residential construction. There are three types of new residential construction: townhouses, apartments, condominiums; single-family and homes. Retail establishments, restaurants, hotels. warehouses, and office buildings are all examples of commercial construction. Power stations, chemical plants, and factories are all examples of industrial construction. Building infrastructure comprises building roads, bridges, electrical grids, gas and water pipes, and sewers. The materials, tools, and labor requirements will vary depending on the type of building. For instance, the materials and tools needed to create a wooden frame house are different from those needed to build a high-rise steel frame office structure. Furthermore, whereas many skills apply to various construction types, others are unique to a particular kind. The history of construction includes a wide range of other disciplines, including structural engineering, civil engineering, population growth, city expansion, and history. These disciplines are related to branches of technology, science, and architecture and are used to study the preservation of buildings and document their achievements. These topics enable the

analysis of prehistoric and modern constructions, including their tools, building materials, and structures. The lifespan of the materials used, the growth in height and width, the degree of control over the interior atmosphere, and, finally, the energy available to the construction process are some of the basic ideas that have shaped the building's history.

IV. EXPECTED OUTCOME

New technology-driven construction jobs are being created because of the expansion of technology in the industry, which is also advancing construction procedures. Green construction is expanding due to the growing demand for sustainable building approaches, which also opens new professional prospects in the field. Off-site construction is becoming more and more popular, which is altering how construction projects are planned and carried out and opening new job opportunities in the field. Careers in the trades are becoming more and more vital, and there is a growing need for trained laborers. In conclusion, there have been a lot of changes in the construction business. It is critical to comprehend these developments and get ready for the future of construction jobs. The construction sector offers a plethora of interesting prospects for those just starting out or wishing to change the course of their career. Make sure you are well-informed, prepared, and pursuing the career path of your choice.

V. CONCLUSIONS

The future of the building sector is being shaped by advanced construction techniques. Civil engineering final-year students can investigate these methods more thoroughly to learn about their advantages, drawbacks, and possible uses. The world can be better off in the long run if advanced construction techniques result in a sustainable and productive construction sector. By investigating the most recent cutting-edge advanced building techniques, final-year students can be at the forefront of this transformation as the construction industry continues to evolve along with technology.

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