



AMITY UNIVERSITY

MADHYA PRADESH

Established vide Government of Madhya Pradesh Act No. 27 of 2010

Climate Action

GHG Inventory & Decarbonization

Although specific carbon inventories are not publicly available for Amity Gwalior, Amity's sustainability practices on climate action emphasize reducing carbon footprint through energy efficiency and renewable adoption plans, aligned with broader university climate goals.

Initiatives towards climate action strategies:

- **Green Area Management**

This includes the plants, greenery and sustainability of the campus to ensure that the buildings conform to green standards. This also helps in ensuring that the Environmental Policy is enacted, enforced and reviewed using various environmental awareness programmes. Campus has over 9765 native trees and 4698 planted trees along the sprawling campus of 102 acres .

- **Power Energy Management**

Total installed solar capacity 307 KWp. Total 13.06% Savings in electricity is done through solar plant. Out of campus electricity, Solar PV contributes 23%

- **Water Resources Management**

11 Water Harvesting Pits of capacity 30,000 litres are installed in AUMP to conserve rainwater. 23 water purification system each of 50 litres have been installed in the campus. ION Exchange Plant = 30KL is present in AUMP. 2 sewage treatment plants (STP) with a capacity of 210 KLD and 160 KLD are installed for the treatment of sewage water which is further used for gardening and irrigation.

Climate Policies

Sustainability policy frameworks influence water, energy and waste agendas — essential for broader climate mitigation efforts.

Solar Genration & Carbon Emission		
Month	Generation in KWH	Carbon Emission in tonnes
Jan'25	30434	2.5
Fab'25	33702	2.8
Mar'25	47201	3.9
Apr'25	45233	3.8
May'25	42719	3.5
Jun'25	34015	2.8
Jul'25	29226	2.4
Aug'25	31079	2.6
Sep'25	35786	3.0
Oct'25	28216	2.3
Nov'25	26676	2.2
Dec'25	25939	2.2
Total	410226	34.0

- Scopes 1 emissions are direct emissions occur from sources that are owned or controlled by the organization.
- Scope 2 are indirect emissions due to electricity import.
- Scope 3 covers other indirect emissions that are a consequence of the activities of the organization, but occur from sources not owned or controlled by it.

However, because of data limitations and the lack of a consistent standard for measuring Scope 3 emissions, this report is solely based on Scope 1 and scope 2 emissions.

4.2.1 Scope 1 Emissions

i. Diesel Generators

The institute is equipped with seven diesel generators for the electricity backup.

Electricity Produced (kWh)	Diesel Consumed (litres)	Annual Emissions (Tonnes)*
2,58,218	86,877	232.83

*Diesel produces 2.68 kgs of CO₂ per litre burnt.

ii. Transportation

From the observation, two categories of vehicles that ply at the roads of the institute are: sedans and motorcycles. Data collection and subsequent analysis were done based on these categories. Due to unavailability of outside vehicle data, only vehicles domiciled on the campus, were considered in this report.

The following assumptions were made while estimating carbon emissions from the vehicles.

- All vehicles entering the campus use the main entrance gate.
- The average distance covered by each vehicle is 2.0 kilometres: this is the measured to and from distance between the main gate to the hostel/admin Buildings.

S. N	Vehicle Type	Nos	Emission Factor	Annual Emission
1	Motorcycles	279	0.12761kgCO ₂ e/km (WRI, 2008)	25.99-ton CO ₂ e
2	Sedans	108	0.23398kgCO ₂ e/km (IPCC, 2006)	18.44-ton CO ₂ e
Total Emissions				44.43 tonnes

iii. LPG Consumption

LPG is used in the hostel mess and canteen for cooking purposes. The mess contractors use 19kg commercial cylinders for this purpose. The contractors generally do not maintain accounts for LPG consumption data, but based on the interaction, an average annual LPG consumption in the institute is presented below:

Sr. No	Particulars	Observed Value	Unit
1	Annual LPG Consumption	45,600	kgs
2	LPG Emission Factor	2.983	--
3	Emissions	136.02	tonnes

4.2.2 Scope 2 Emissions: Electricity Import

The institute relies heavily on electricity as its primary energy source. Since grid electricity is primarily generated from fossil fuels, it has a significant carbon footprint. The carbon emissions from electricity import are as follows:

Sr. No	Particulars	Observed Value	Unit
1	Electricity Import from grid	27,76,186	kWh
2	GHG Emission Factor for 2023 (India)	0.71*	kgCO ₂ per kWh
3	Annual emissions	1,971.09	ton CO ₂ e

*Source: Central Electricity Authority of India

4.3 Carbon Sequestration from Trees

Estimating the amount of carbon sequestered by a single tree in one year is quite a complex process because it can vary depending on various factors such as the species of the tree, its age, size, and growing conditions. However, according to the Arbor Day Foundation, a mature tree can absorb more than 48 pounds (21.8 kg) of carbon dioxide (CO₂) per year through photosynthesis. Some other sources suggest that it can go up to 50 kg per year. For our estimation, we have taken an average of 25 kg of carbon dioxide absorbed by each tree in one year, irrespective of their size, age, and species. The campus has over 9,765 native trees and 4,592 planted trees, with the potential to sequester approximately 358.93 tonnes of CO₂ per year.

4.4 Carbon Avoidance from Solar Power Plant

The institute is equipped with a 307-kW grid-connected solar plant, the solar power generation data for year 2024 is estimated to be 3,85,082 kWh. The carbon avoidance solar power plant is presented below.

S. N	Particulars	Observed Value	Unit
1	Total Solar Power Generation in year	3,85,082*	kWh
2	GHGs emission factor	0.71	kgCO ₂ per kWh
3	Carbon Avoidance (ton CO ₂ e)	273.40	tonnes

4.5 Gross and net carbon emissions of an Institute (Year: 2024)

Particulars	Sources/Sink	Value	Unit
A. Scope 1 Emissions	DG Sets	232.83	ton CO ₂ e
	Transportation	44.43	ton CO ₂ e
	LPG	136.02	ton CO ₂ e
	Total A	413.28	ton CO₂e
B. Scope 2 Emissions	Net Electricity Import from grid	1,971.09	ton CO ₂ e
C. Carbon Sequestration	Sequestration from Trees	358.93	ton CO ₂ e
D. Carbon Avoidance	Solar Power Generation	273.40	ton CO ₂ e
	Gross Emissions (A+B)	2,384.37	ton CO₂e
	Net Emissions (A+B-C)	2,025.44	ton CO₂e
	Total Carbon Mitigation (C+D)	631.40	ton CO₂e

4.6 Carbon Intensity

In 2024, the total student strength was 1,834 resulting in an annual carbon intensity of 1.10 tons CO₂e per student per year.

Source: Energy Audit Report, 2023-24, Amity University Madhya Pradesh, executed by Enviraj Consultant Private Limited, An ISO 14001:2015 and 5001: 2018 Certified Company.



Certificate of Registration

This is to certify that

ENVIRAJ CONSULTING PRIVATE LIMITED

F29 BHAGAT SINGH NAGAR, BHIND ROAD, GWALIOR,
MADHYA PRADESH, 474005 INDIA

has been independently assessed by QRO
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Energy Management Systems

For the following scope of activities:

PROVISION OF ENERGY CONSULTANCY INCLUDING GREEN BUILDING CERTIFICATION, ENERGY AND DAYLIGHT SIMULATION, ENERGY AUDITS, BUILDING SYSTEM CX, ECBC COMPLIANCE REPORTING, FIRE LIFE AND SAFETY AUDIT, CFD ANALYSIS, ENERGY MANAGEMENT IN MULTI DISCIPLINARY ENGINEERING WORKS, TRAINING, NEW PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT.

Date of Certification: 27th September 2022

2nd Surveillance Audit Due: 26th September 2024

1st Surveillance Audit Due: 26th September 2023

Certificate Expiry: 26th September 2025

Certificate Number: 305022092751Q



Chauhan ..
Head of Certification

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