AMITY SCHOOL OF COMMUNICATION, LUCKNOW Volume I Issue I

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LIFE IN 35 mm THE SLUMS OF LUCKNOW



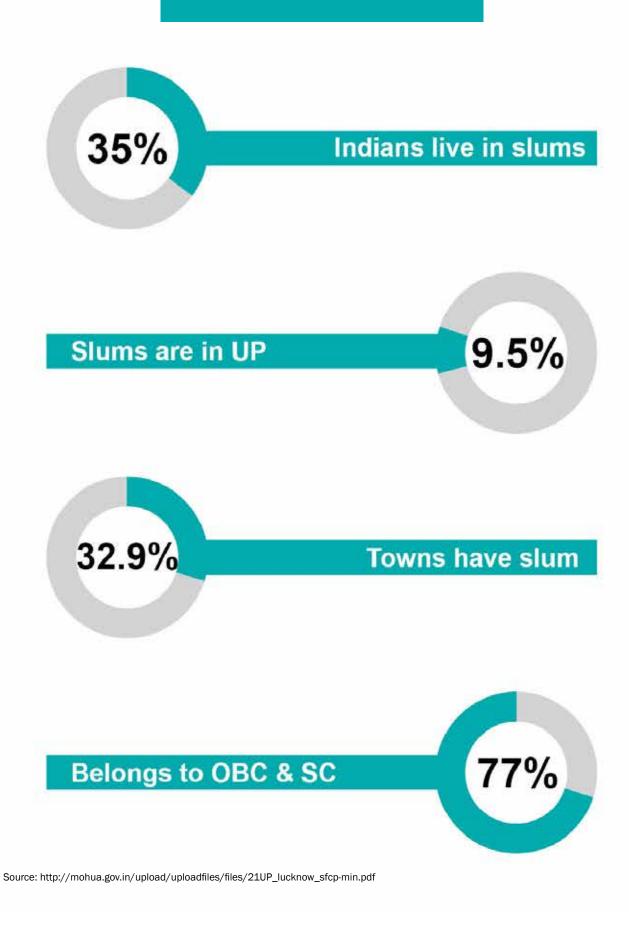


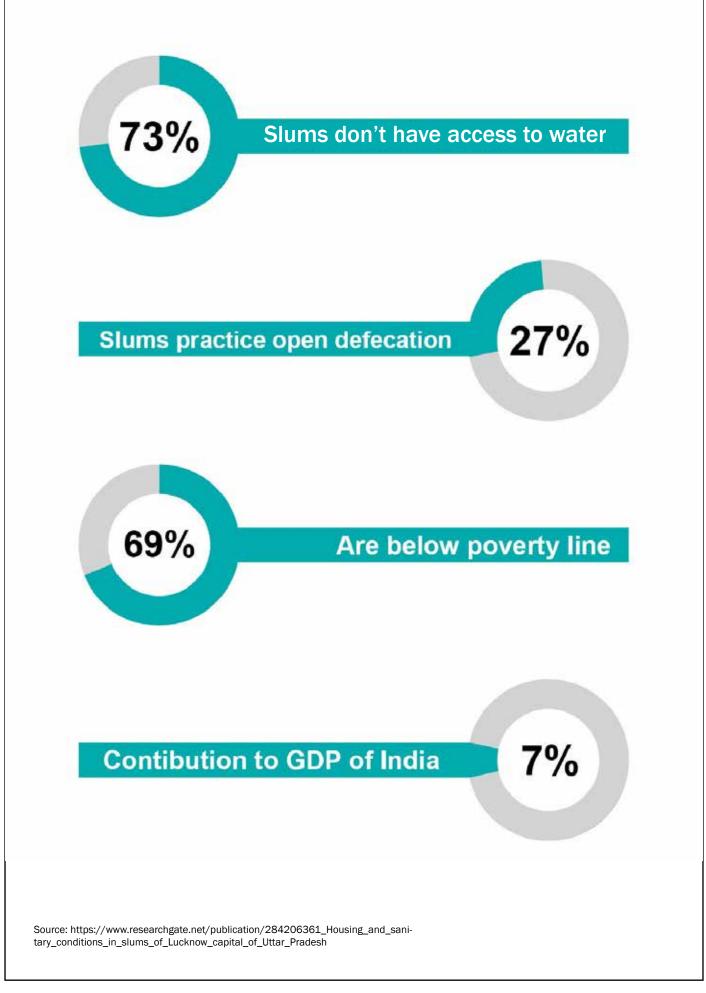
There are numerous definitions of what constitutes a slum yet slum dwelling is considered to be one such way that conceptualizes and characterizes urban deprivation. The word "slum" initially came into existence in London at the beginning of the 19th century to narrate a "room of low repute" or "low, unfrequented areas of the town".

The early definitions of slumdwelling included social, physical, spatial, and behavioural aspects of urban poverty. While undertaking this research, the first definition of slum identified was one cited by the Report of Committee on slum statistics. Government of India that says "A slum is a compact settlement of at least 20 households with the collection of poorly built tenements, mostly of temporary nature, crowded together usually with inadequate sanitary and drinking water facilities in unhygienic condition." Another striking statement where slum has been re-defined by the United Nations Programs on Human Settlements as "a contiguous settlement where the inhabitants are characterized as having inadequate housing and basic services. A slum is often not recognized and addressed by the public authorities as an integral or equal part of the city"

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Facts about Slums

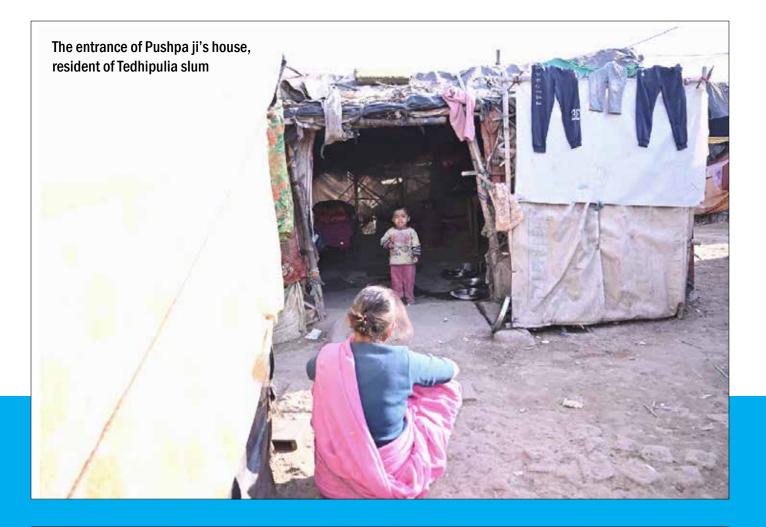






OVERVIEW

Slums are home to a majority of people in the world. Slums in India are characterized by poverty, overcrowding, and a hazardous living environment. The poor living conditions and lack of awareness among the slum dwellers have had not only affected the health of those people but also poses distinctive challenges in establishing health surveys. Nishatganj railway crossing, Nishatganj flyover, and Tedhipulia are such areas of Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh. The government of Uttar Pradesh (of which Lucknow is the capital city), for example, has defined slums and squatters as a place "Where the competent authority upon information received otherwise in its possession is satisfied as respects any area that a majority of the buildings in the area are, by any reason of dilapidation, overcrowding, an inappropriate arrangement of design of such buildings, narrower or faulty arrangements of streets, lack of ventilation; light or sanitation facilities, or any combination of these factors, detrimental to safety, health, or morals of inhabitants in the area, it may by notification in the official gazette, declare such area to be a slum area."







We are still waiting for the officials to clean our slums.

Kranti Sachan, resident of Tedhipulia slum

Touring the Slums of Lucknow



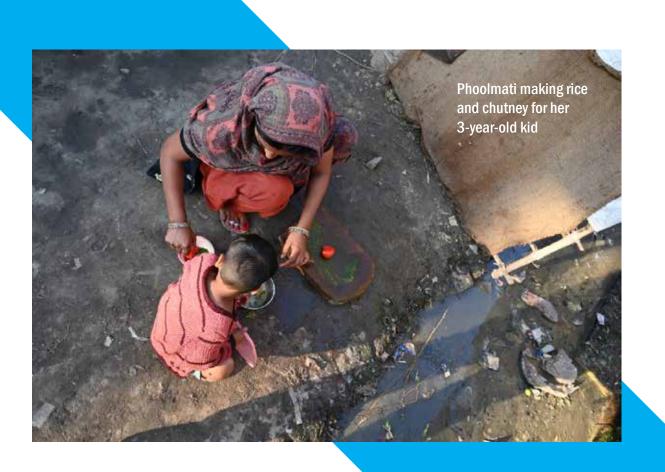
I am living here for the past 20 years & the situation is still the same.

Kamla, resident of Tedhipulia slum





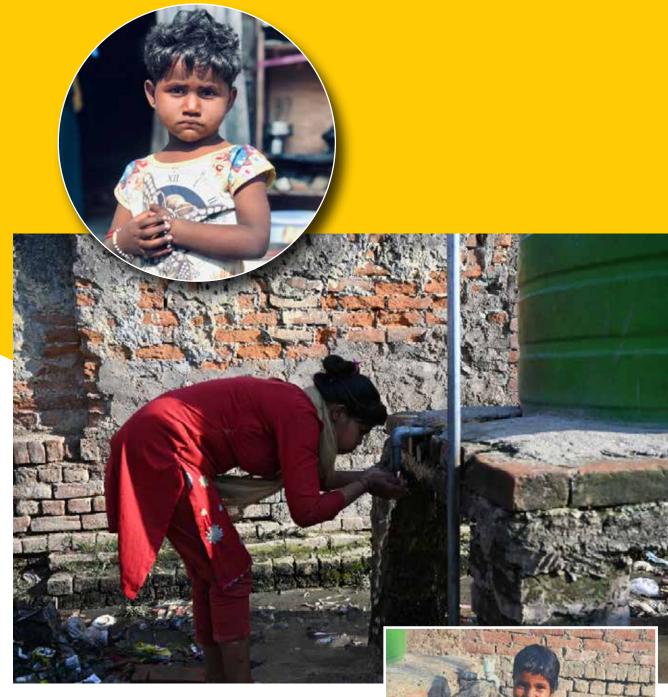














Children of a lesser God: Residents have drinking and bathing facility near a drain.





We can't afford to use government toilets, we choose to go outside

Shanti, resident of Tedhipulia slum

Touring the Slums of Lucknow



A woman going to attend nature's call in the open. Due to meagre earning of Rs 1500/month, slum residents prefer open defecation instead of using public toilets for whic they have to pay.





Kids prefer to defecate in the open despite a public toilet in the locality



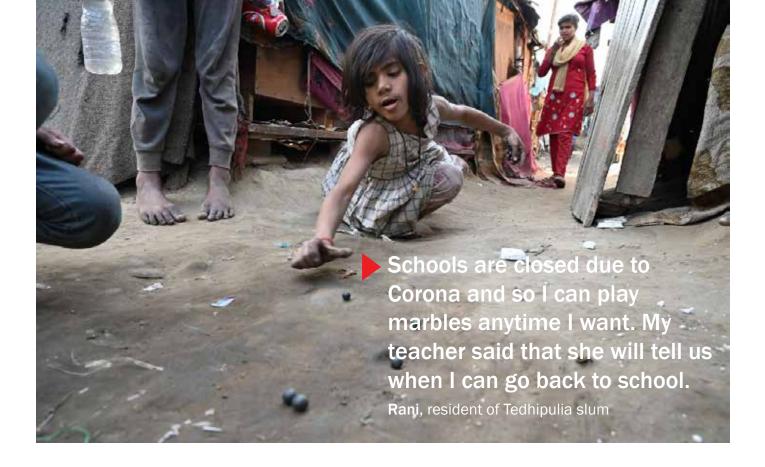




Touring the Slums of Lucknow



Due to limited water supply, residents have to queue up to get their turn to fill and stock water for daily use.









I don't know what Corona is, but Amma said if we will wear masks it will go away

Karan, resident of Tedhipulia slum

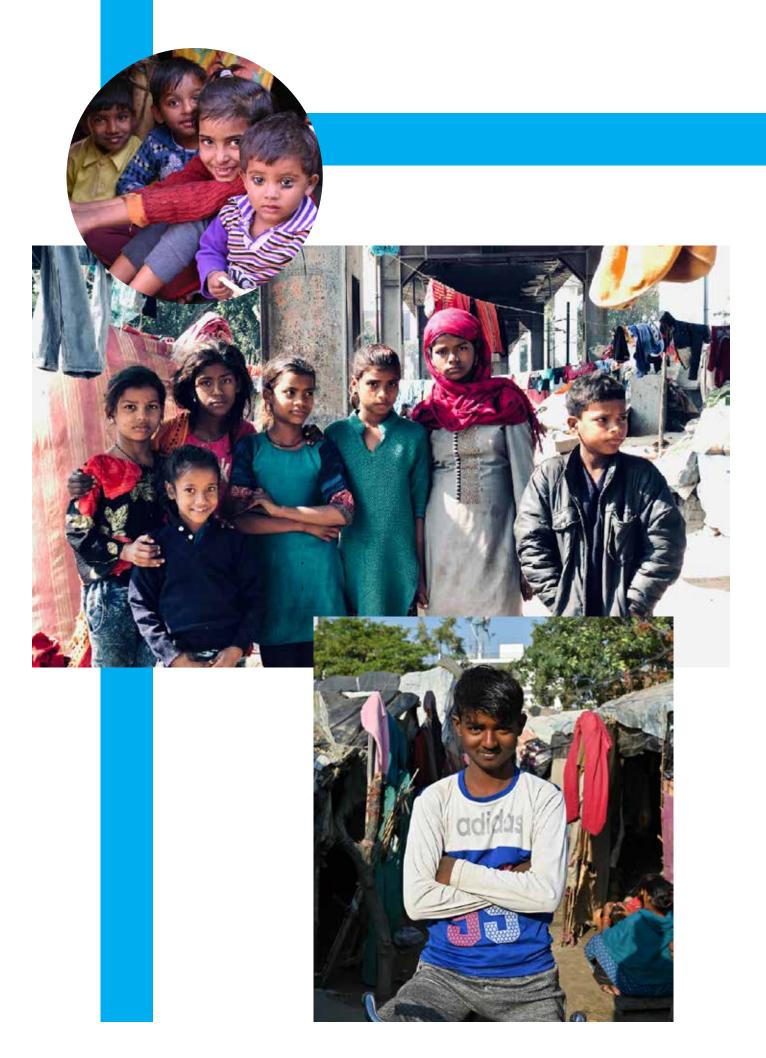
Touring the Slums of Lucknow



We are jobless for the past 6 months. We are trying to find work

Azad & Shehzada, resident of Tedhipulia slum

THE SLUMS OF LUCKNOW -



A CENTRE FOR MEDIA STUDIES *initiative*

Amity School of Communication, Lucknow



Prof (Dr) Sanjay M Johri Director Amity School of Communication, Lucknow

he Centre for Media Studies (CMS) which is part of Centre of Excellence program with due approval of Hon C-6 promotes inter-disciplinary approaches to study, understand, bring about co-operation and provide consultancy service to the industry by regular research and assess the evolution, role, relevance and impact of media in India and around the world.

This centre of excellence not only takes up different projects related to research and consultancies but also keeps a vigilant eye on the impact, influence and functioning of the media and create documents within the institution involving students.

Some of the projects/consultancies undertaken by CMS are 'National TB Control Campaign' and came out with 'Photography Excursion and Video Documentation' sponsored by Mamta; Project on Road Safety, Quarterly data based graphical analysis document-Repertoire, Documentaries for Sparc India.

A Special Project was undertaken on MahaKumbh 2019 at Prayagraj(Allahabad) wherein we made a short Documentary and created content in the form a Booklet by covering different stories.

An MOU with Water Aids (UK Based Trust) and Amity School of Communication with former being the Knowledge Partner is in the final stages of execution.

Two Short Term Research Projects are in the final stage of being executed including a field study being given to us from I-Next (Jagran Group) on the Consumer Behaviour of the Newspaper Readers, outcome of which will be published in the leading Hindi daily of India.

One of the striking features of CMS is that it involves students of master's & bachelor's Programs who are not only exposed to the basic foundations of mass media reasoning and thought but are also to the inter-disciplinary application of the Journalism and Mass Communication.

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